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annual meeting

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Transforming Psoriasis Care: Oral IL-23 Therapy and the Next Frontier in Patient-Centered Treatment

Andrew Blauvelt, MD, MBA

Owner, Blauvelt Consulting, LLC

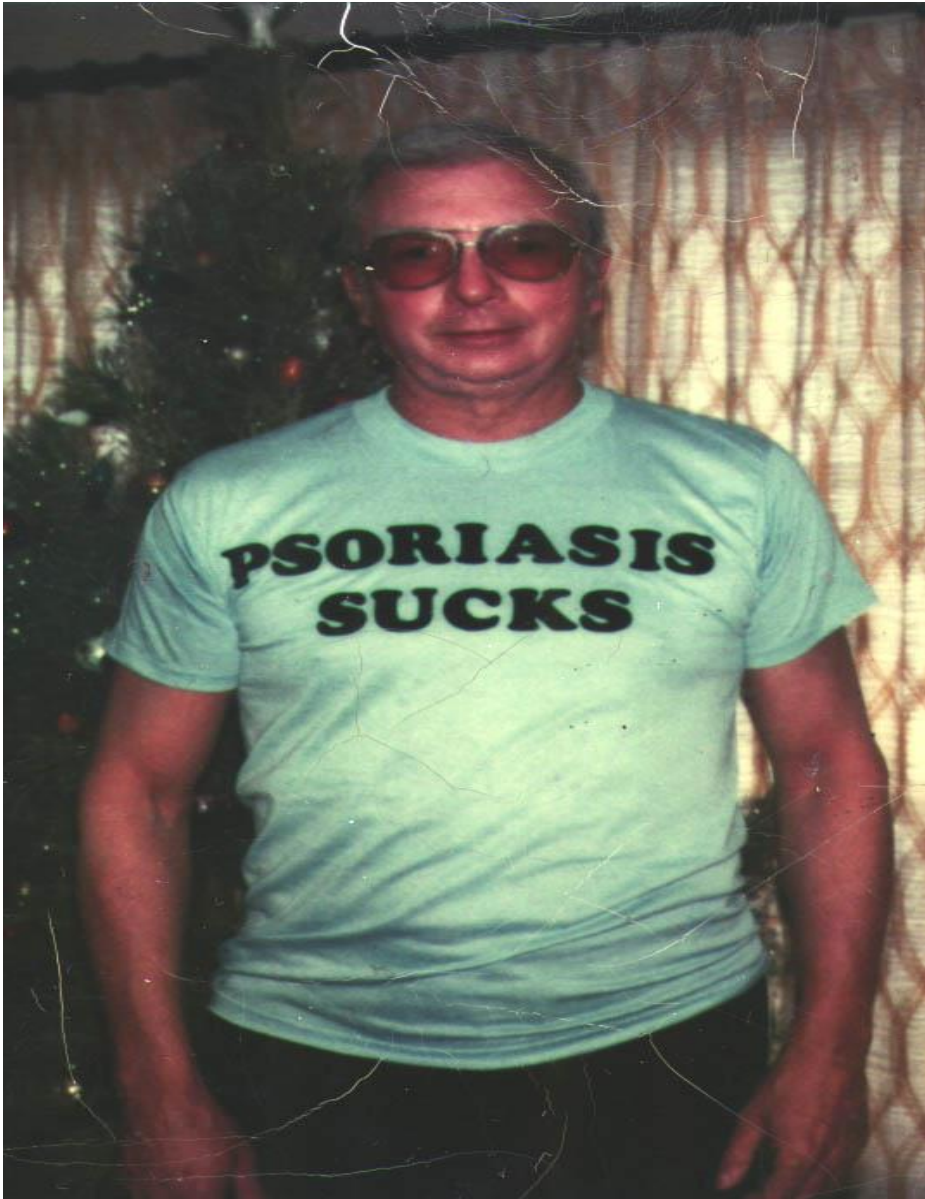
Annapolis, MD

Disclosures

- **Andrew Blauvelt, MD, MBA:** Speaker's bureau – Almirall, Eli Lilly, Leo, Sanofi, UCB; scientific advisory board – AbbVie, Almirall, Alumis, Amgen, Anaptysbio, Apogee, Arcutis, Eli Lilly, Incyte, Janssen, Leo, Novartis, Oruka, Paragon, Pfizer, Regeneron, Sanofi, Sun Pharma, Takeda, and UCB; stockholder – Lipidio, Oruka

Learning Objectives

- Describe current challenges in PsO care, including undertreatment, treatment nonadherence, and patient dissatisfaction with available options
- Evaluate the mechanisms of action, efficacy, and safety data of oral IL-23 therapies and other targeted oral agents in PsO
- Compare oral IL-23 therapy with injectable IL-23 inhibitors and oral small molecules, including head-to-head data
- Incorporate patient-centered approaches into individualized PsO management strategies



My Father, Joe Blauvelt

- Hx of **severe psoriasis** for many years
- Tx with Goeckerman therapy, MTX, cyclosporine, acitretin
- **2 heart attacks and 2 strokes in his 60s**
- Passed at age 74 (1998)

Overview

- Psoriasis has a huge impact on overall quality of life
- Don't undertreat psoriasis; treat to clearance or near clearance
- Benefits of treating psoriasis go beyond the skin
- Current biologic choices are excellent, especially IL-23 inhibitors
- Emerging oral IL-23 inhibitors provide excellent efficacy, safety, and convenience for patients

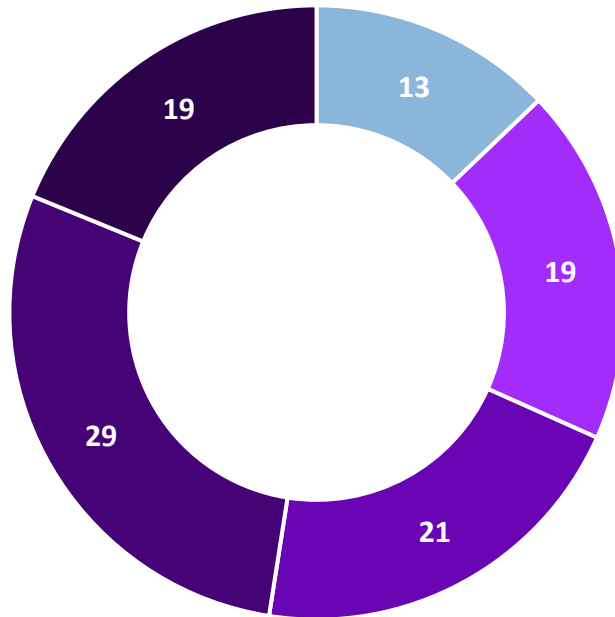
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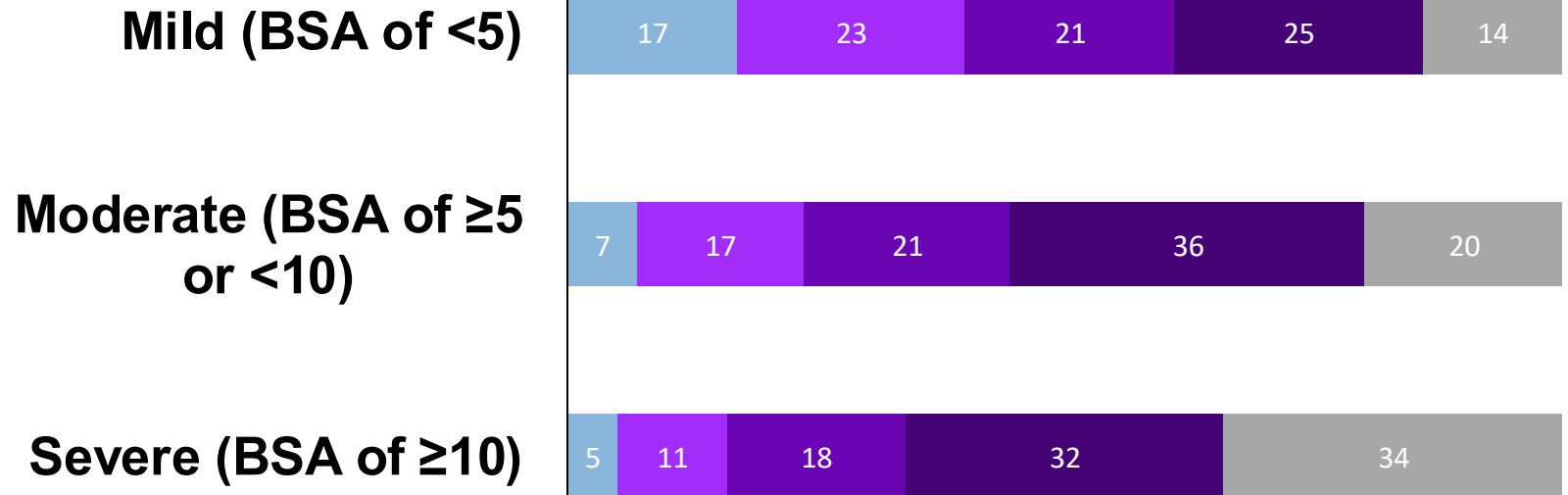
Psoriasis Has a Significant Impact on Quality of Life

■ No effect on QOL (DLQI 0-1)
 ■ Small (2-5)
 ■ Moderate (6-10)
 ■ Very large (11-20)
 ■ Extremely large effect on QOL (21-30)

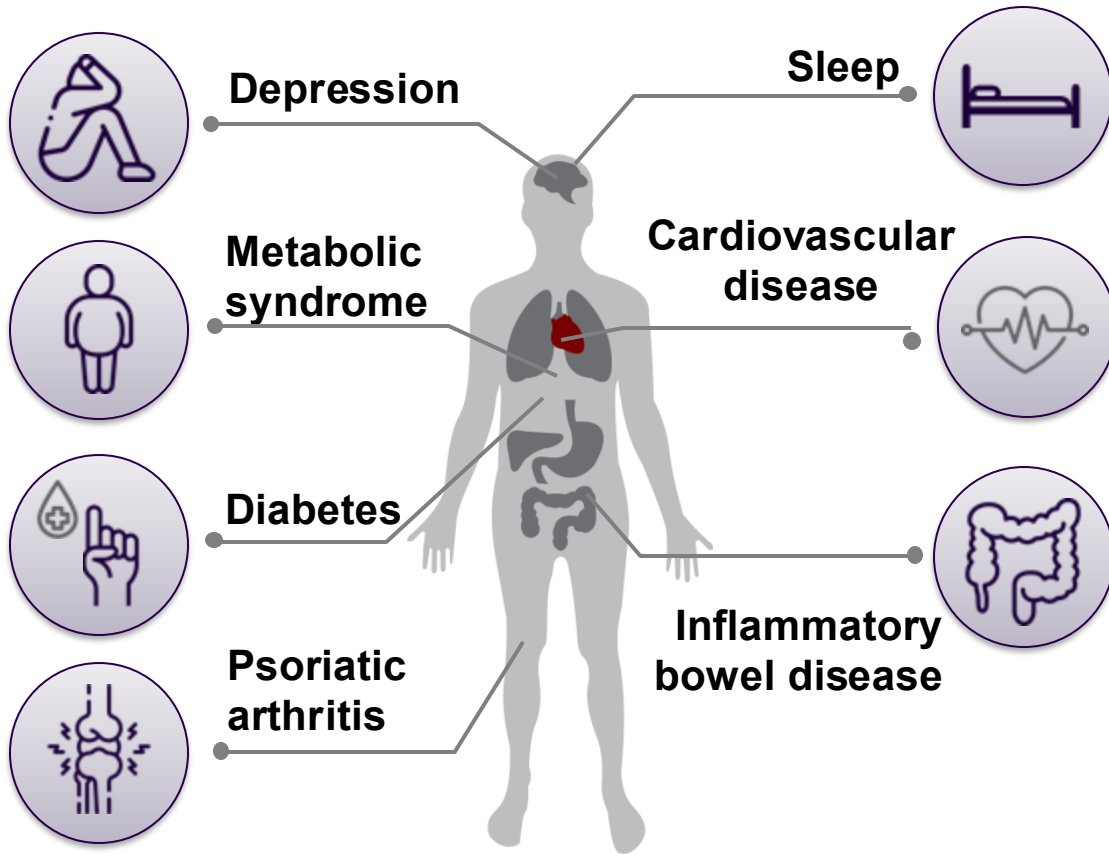
Effect on Patients' QOL



Impact on QOL Based on Current Disease Severity



Psoriasis Affects the Whole Person



Psoriatic arthritis affects approximately 30% of people who have psoriasis

30%

- Increasing evidence supports the recognition of psoriasis as a multisystem chronic inflammatory disorder with multiple associated comorbidities
- People who treat their psoriasis effectively may also lower their risk of other comorbidities

Psoriasis Involving Special Areas is Associated with Worse Quality of Life, Depression, and Limitations in the Ability to Participate in Social Roles and Activities

Andrew Blauvelt, MD, MBA¹, George C. Gondo, MA² , Stacie Bell, PhD^{2,*} , Cristina Echeverría, MD³, Marcus Schmitt-Egenolf, MD, PhD⁴, Lone Skov, MD⁵, Peter van de Kerkhof, MD, PhD⁶ , Leah McCormick Howard, JD², and Bruce Strober, MD, PhD⁷ 

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Undertreatment of Psoriasis: Uplift Survey Summary

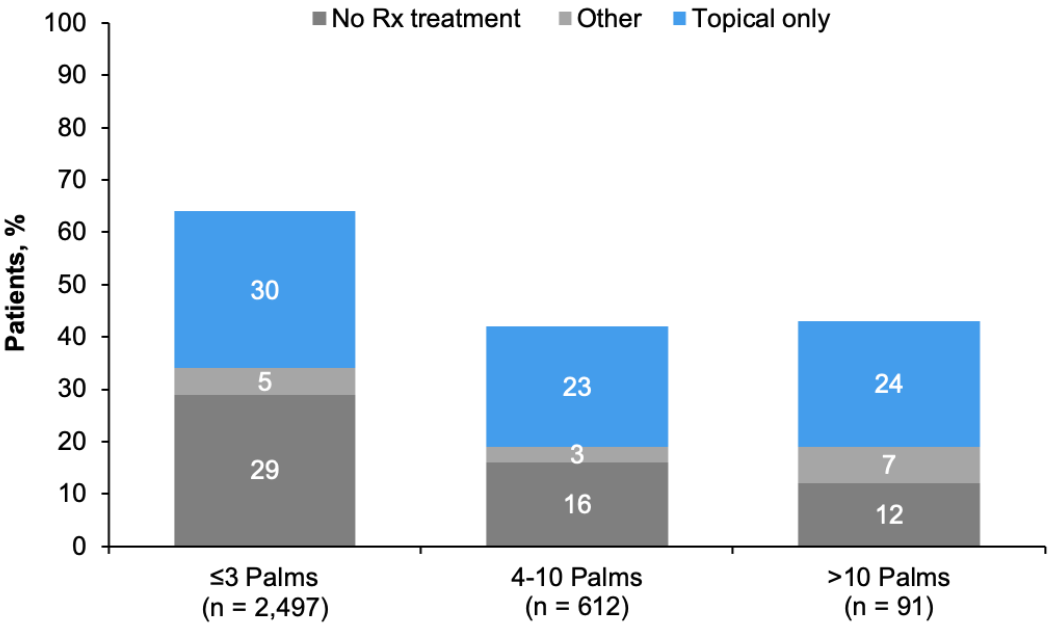
- The 2020 UPLIFT survey revealed substantial patient burden, treatment dissatisfaction, and potential undertreatment with systemic therapy in PsO, including for patients with limited skin involvement, involvement in special areas, or bothersome symptoms such as itching and pain

Moderate-to-Severe Psoriasis Remains Persistently Untreated or Undertreated



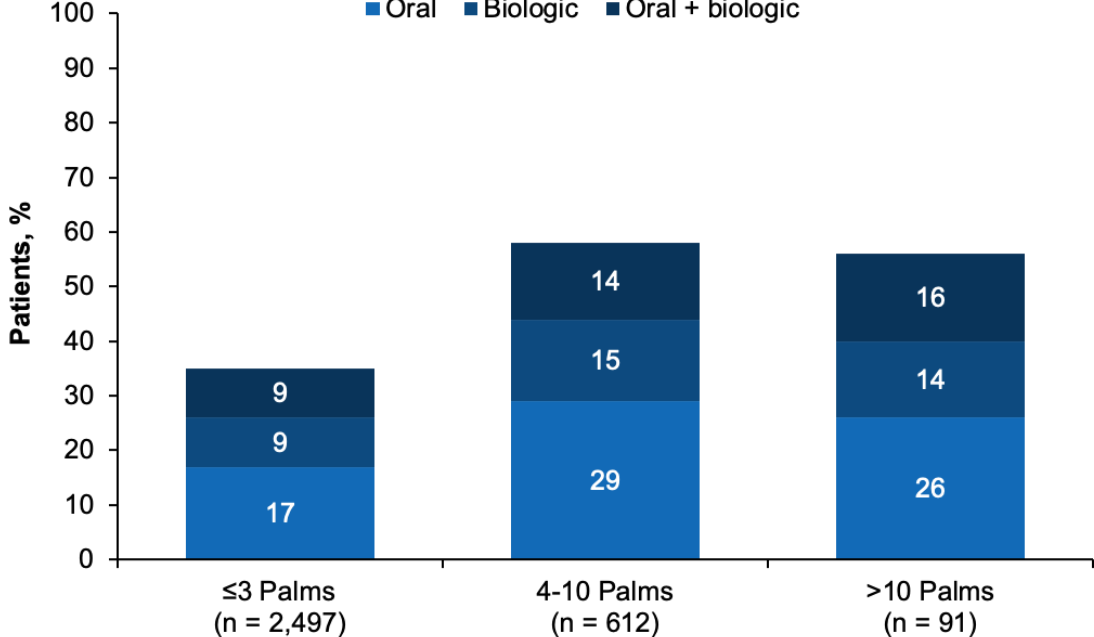
- Nearly one-quarter of people with psoriasis have cases that are considered moderate to severe

Topical Treatment by Level of BSA Involvement



12% (>10 palms) to 29% (≤3 palms) of patients reported they were not currently receiving **any** treatment for their PsO

Systemic Treatment by Level of BSA Involvement



≥50% of patients with BSA >3 palms were receiving systemic therapy (oral and/or biologic therapy) compared with 35% of those with ≤3 palms

Armstrong AW, et al. *J Am Acad Dermatol.* 2017;76(2):290-298. Helmick CG, et al. *Am J Prev Med.* 2014;47(1):37-45. Armstrong AW, et al. *JAMA Dermatol.* 2021;157(8):940-946. Lebwohl M, et al. *Dermatol Ther (Heidelb).* 2022;12(1):61-78.

Psoriasis Severity Classification

- Historically defined as as “mild,” “moderate,” and “severe”
- Historical definitions of each vary, for example
 - Trial populations: “Mild” = <10% BSA, “moderate” = 10-20% BSA, “severe” = >20% BSA
 - National Psoriasis Foundation (NPF): <3% BSA, “moderate” = 3-10% BSA, severe = >10% BSA
- Typically, **no considerations given for**
 - **Severe localized disease**
 - **Involvement of high-impact sites**
 - **Impact on quality of life**
 - **Past treatment failure(s)**

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Recategorization of psoriasis severity: Delphi consensus from the International Psoriasis Council

Bruce Strober, MD, PhD,^{a,b} Caitriona Ryan, MD,^c Peter van de Kerkhof, MD, PhD,^d Joelle van der Walt, PhD,^d
Alexa B. Kimball, MD, MPH,^e Jonathan Barker, MD, FRCP, FRCPath,^f and Andrew Blauvelt, MD, MBA,^g on
behalf of International Psoriasis Council Board Members and Councilors

*New Haven and Cromwell, Connecticut; Dublin, Ireland; St Louis, Missouri; Boston, Massachusetts;
London, United Kingdom; and Portland, Oregon*

* IPC Psoriasis Severity Reclassification Statement *

- Patients with psoriasis should be classified as either ***candidates for topical therapy*** or ***candidates for systemic therapy***; the latter are patients who meet at least 1 of the following criteria
 - **BSA >10%**
 - **Disease involving special areas**
 - **Failure of topical therapy**

* NPF Psoriasis Severity Reclassification Statement *

- Psoriasis severity should be classified as either ***mild or moderate-to-severe***. ***“Mild psoriasis”*** is defined as psoriasis affecting individuals who are ***candidates for topical therapy***. ***“Moderate-to-severe psoriasis”*** is defined as psoriasis affecting individuals who are ***candidates for systemic therapy*** and who meet at least one of the following criteria
 - ***BSA >10%***
 - ***Disease involving high-impact sites***
 - ***Failure of topical therapy***

Special Areas = High Impact Sites^a

- Scalp
- Face
- Palms/soles
- Genitalia
- Nails

^aJonathan Barker, former IPC President.

Failure of Topical Therapy

- "Inability to achieve clear/nearly clear skin (BSA 1%, Physician's Global Assessment 0/1) after two consecutive 4-week topical therapy courses, per guidelines."

All 4 of these patients
have a total **BSA of 1-4%**.

OLD: They all have **mild** psoriasis and are not candidates
for systemic therapy



All 4 of these patients
have a total **BSA of 1-4%**.

NEW: They all have **moderate-to-severe** psoriasis and they
are all candidates for systemic therapy



From the Medical Board of the National Psoriasis Foundation: Treatment targets for plaque psoriasis

April W. Armstrong, MD, MPH,^a Michael P. Siegel, PhD,^b Jerry Bagel, MD,^{c,d} Erin E. Boh, MD, PhD,^e Megan Buell,^b Kevin D. Cooper, MD,^f Kristina Callis Duffin, MD, MS,^g Lawrence F. Eichenfield, MD,^h Amit Garg, MD,ⁱ Joel M. Gelfand, MD, MSCE,^j Alice B. Gottlieb, MD, PhD,^k John Y. M. Koo, MD,^l Neil J. Korman, MD, PhD,^f Gerald G. Krueger, MD,^g Mark G. Lebwohl, MD,^m Craig L. Leonardi, MD,ⁿ Arthur M. Mandelin, MD, PhD,^o M. Alan Menter, MD,^p Joseph F. Merola, MD, MMSC,^q David M. Pariser, MD,^{r,s} Ronald B. Prussick, MD, FRCP,^t Caitriona Ryan, MD,^p Kara N. Shah, MD,^u Jeffrey M. Weinberg, MD,^m MaryJane O. U. Williams, MD,^a Jashin J. Wu, MD,^v Paul S. Yamauchi, MD, PhD,^w and Abby S. Van Voorhees, MD^f

NPF Treat-to-Target

- Establishing treatment goals can help **improve treatment outcomes**
- Target response after initiating a new treatment should be a **BSA of 1% or less** (at 6 months)
- Treatment targets establish expectations and encourage providers to evaluate progress and **adjust treatments accordingly**

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Clinical meaningfulness of complete skin clearance in psoriasis



Bruce Strober, MD, PhD,^a Kim A. Papp, MD, PhD,^{b,c} Mark Lebwohl, MD,^d Kristian Reich, MD,^e Carle Paul, MD, PhD,^f Andrew Blauvelt, MD,^g Kenneth B. Gordon, MD,^h Cassandra E. Milmont, PhD,ⁱ Hema N. Viswanathan, PhD,ⁱ Joanne Li, PhD,ⁱ Lionel Pinto, PhD,ⁱ David J. Harrison, PhD,ⁱ Greg Kricorian, MD,ⁱ Ajay Nirula, MD, PhD,ⁱ and Paul Klekotka, MD, PhDⁱ

Importance of Complete Skin Clearance in Psoriasis as a Treatment Goal: Implications for Patient-Reported Outcomes

Andrew Blauvelt MD,^a Jashin J. Wu MD,^b April Armstrong MD,^c Alan Menter MD,^d Clive Liu MD,^e Abby Jacobson MS^f

Complete Skin Clearance is Associated with the Greatest Benefits to Health-Related Quality of Life and Perceived Symptoms for Patients with Psoriasis

Matthias Augustin¹, Alice B Gottlieb², Mark Lebwohl², Andreas Pinter³, Richard B Warren^{4 5}, Luis Puig⁶, Rhys Warham^{7 8}, Jérémy Lambert⁹, Susanne Wiegratz¹⁰, Balint Szilagyi¹⁰, Andrew Blauvelt¹¹

Improvements in Mental Health Have Been Reported Following Treatment of PsO with Systemic Therapy

- Reported for nearly every systemic therapy for psoriasis
- Improvements in quality of life
- Improvements in anxiety/depression
- Improvements in suicidal ideation and behavior

Retrospective Studies Suggest that Biologic Treatment of PsO May Reduce Risk of PsA

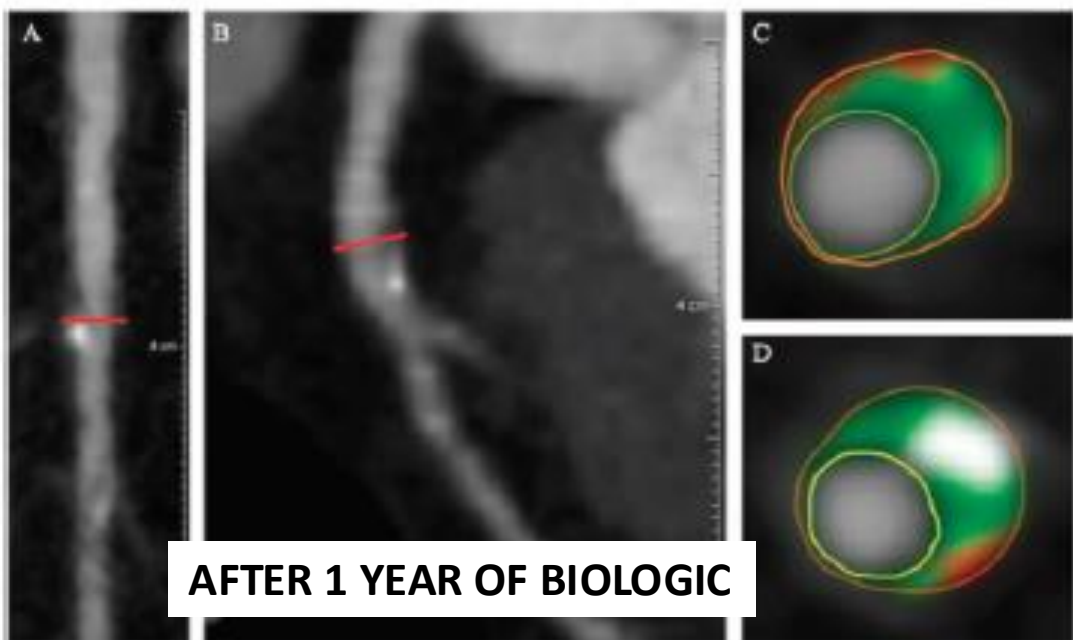
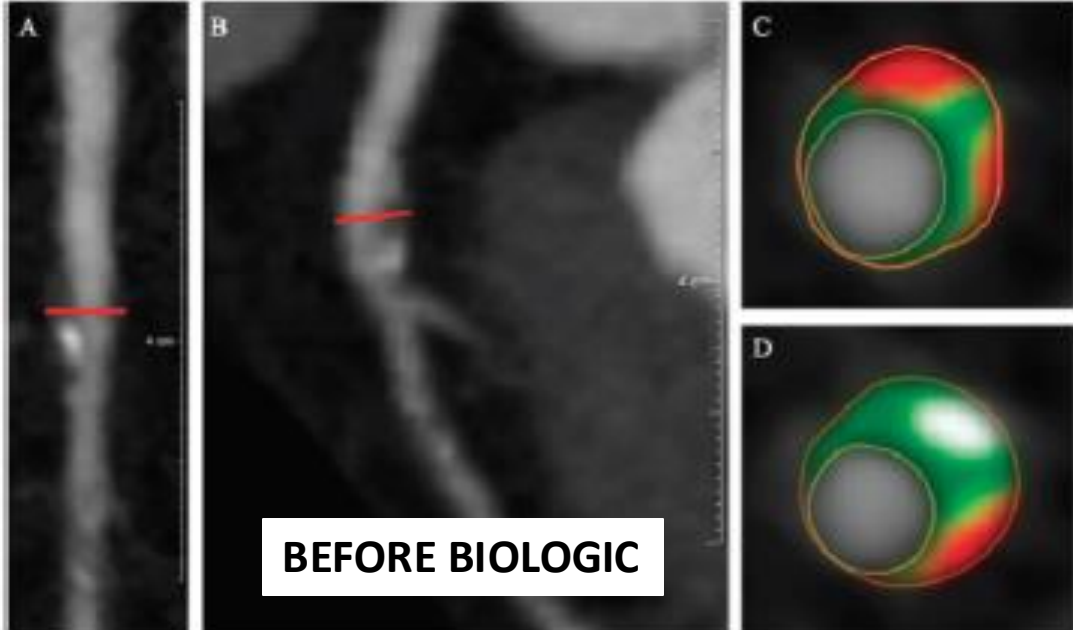
- 464 patients with mod-to-sev PsO treated with biologics or phototherapy over ≥ 5 years
 - Biologic treatment was associated with a lower risk of incident PsA (adjusted HR 0.27, 0.11-0.66)
- 1,719 patients representing 14,721 patient years received no treatment/topicals (n= 1387), conventional DMTs (n= 229), or biologics (n=103)
 - Risk of developing PsA in patients with PsO treated with biologics was significantly lower (IRR)=0.26; 95% CI 0.03 to 0.94; $P=0.0111$) vs topicals, but not vs conventional DMTs (IRR=0.35; 95% CI 0.035 to 1.96; $P =0.1007$)
- In 15,501 patients with psoriasis: **Treatment with IL-12/23 inhibitors or IL-23 inhibitors was associated with reduced risk of progression to inflammatory arthritis** compared with treatment with TNF inhibitors

PsA = psoriatic arthritis; DMT = disease-modifying therapy; IRR = incidence rate ratio; TNF = tumor necrosis factor.

Gisoni P, et al. *Ann Rheum Dis.* 2022;81(1):68-73. Acosta Felquer ML, et al. *Ann Rheum Dis.* 2022;81(1):74-79. Singla S, et al. *Lancet Rheumatol.* 2023;5(4):e200-e207.

Visualization of Coronary Artery Plaques by CCTA

- Total plaque burden
- Dense-calcified plaque burden (white)
- Non-calcified plaque burden
- Plaque morphology index
 - Fibrous burden (dark green)
 - Fibro-fatty burden (light green)
 - Necrotic burden (red)

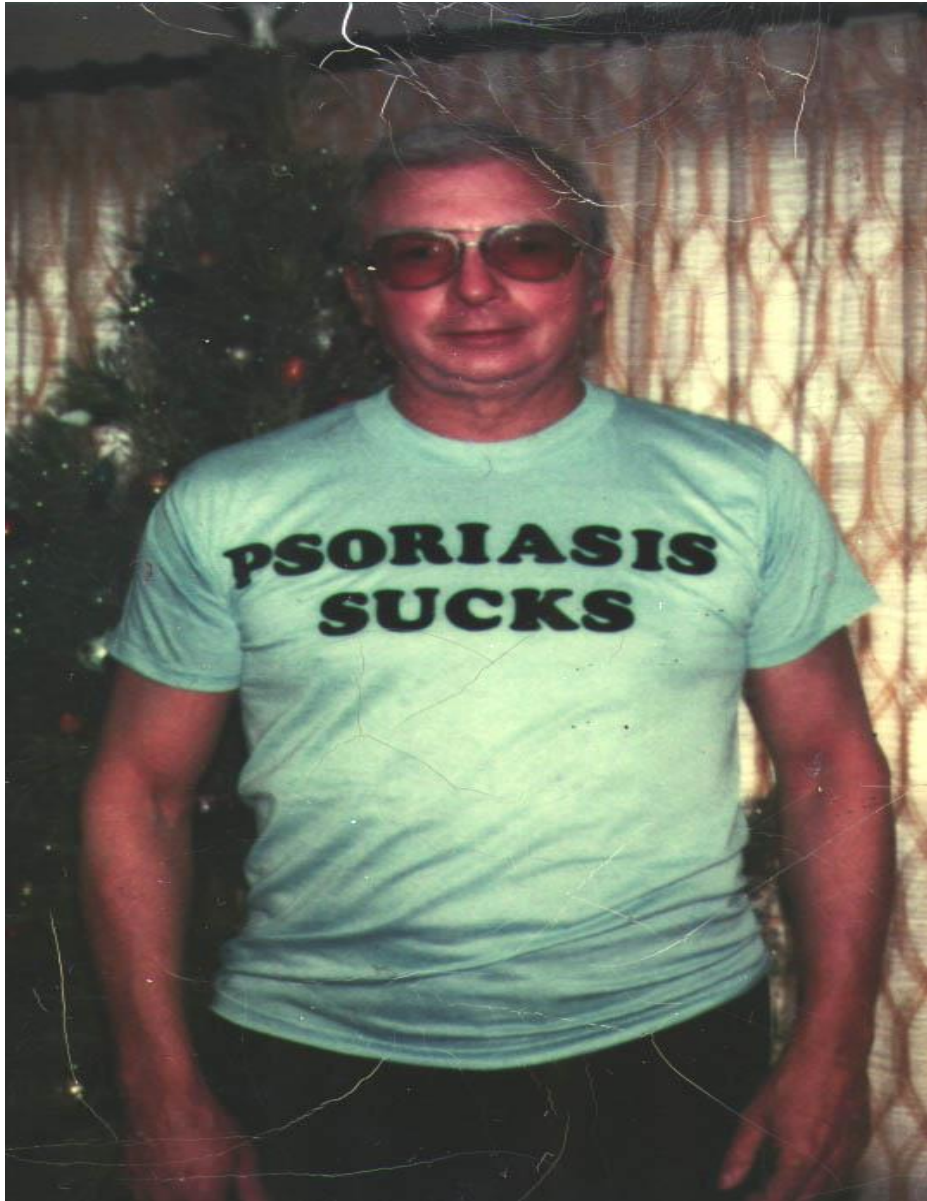


Summary of Improvements in Lipid-Rich Atherosclerosis after 1 Year of Biologics

- TNF blockers
 - **5% reduction** (48 patients)
 - **3.3% reduction** (69 patients)
- IL-12/23 blocker
 - **2% reduction** (19 patients)
 - **8.2% reduction** (26 patients)
- IL-17 blockers
 - **12% reduction** (22 patients)
 - **14.7% reduction** (29 patients)

Overview

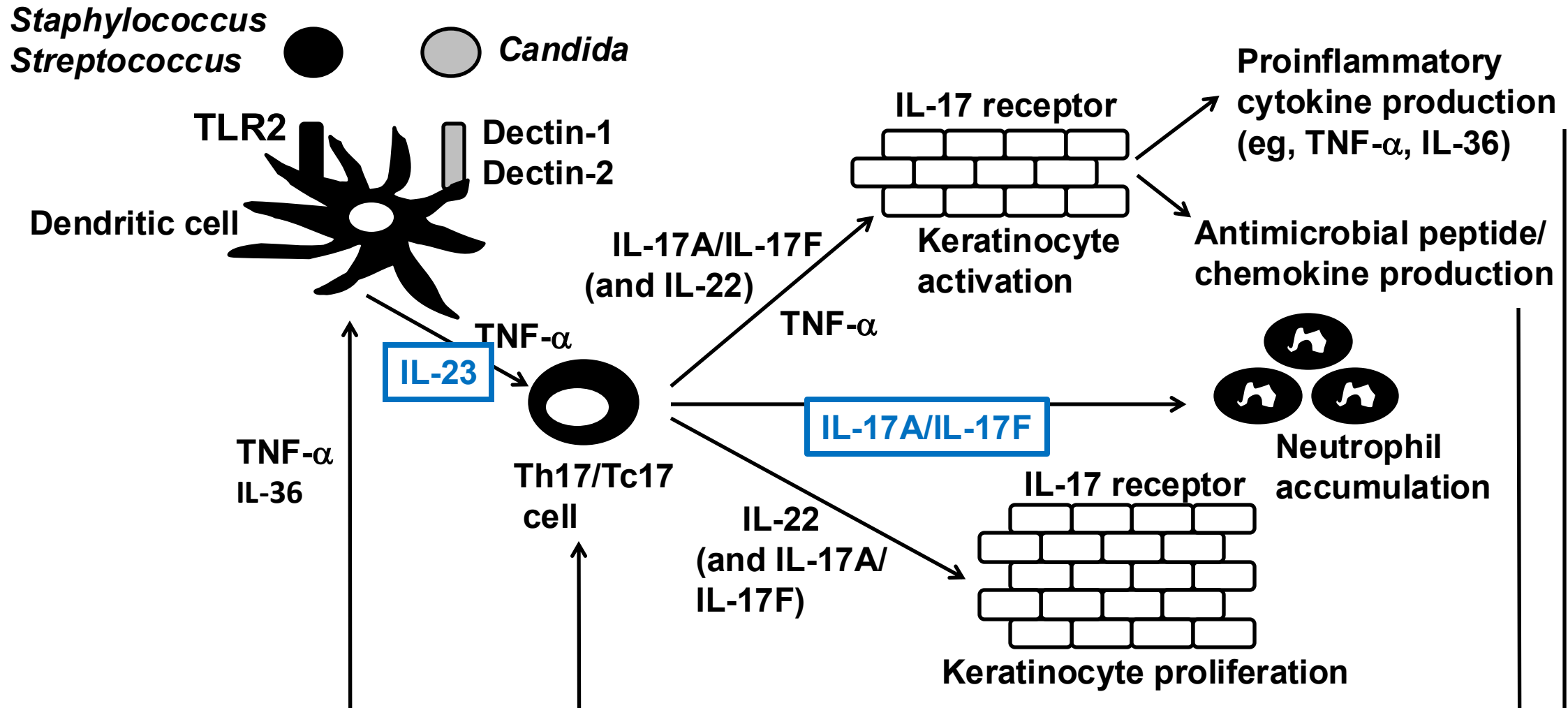
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What Do Patients Want?

- Efficacy
- Safety
- Convenience

Understanding the Immunology of PsO Has Directly Led to the Development of Highly Safe and Effective Therapies for this Disease



Current and Future Biologic and Oral Drug Choices for PsO

TNFi

Etanercept
Infliximab
Adalimumab
Certolizumab
Biosimilars

IL-17i

Secukinumab
Ixekizumab
Brodalumab
Bimekizumab

IL-23i

Ustekinumab
+biosimilars
Guselkumab
Tildrakizumab
Risankizumab

- Methotrexate
- Cyclosporine
- Acitretin
- Apremilast
 - Roflumilast
 - Other PDE4 B/D inhibitors
- Deucravacitinib
 - Zasocitinib
 - Envudeucitinib
- Cytokine inhibitors
 - Icotrokinra
 - Simepdekinra

BLUE HIGHLIGHTS = PIPELINE

Comparison of Biologics and Oral Treatments for Plaque PsO: A Meta-Analysis

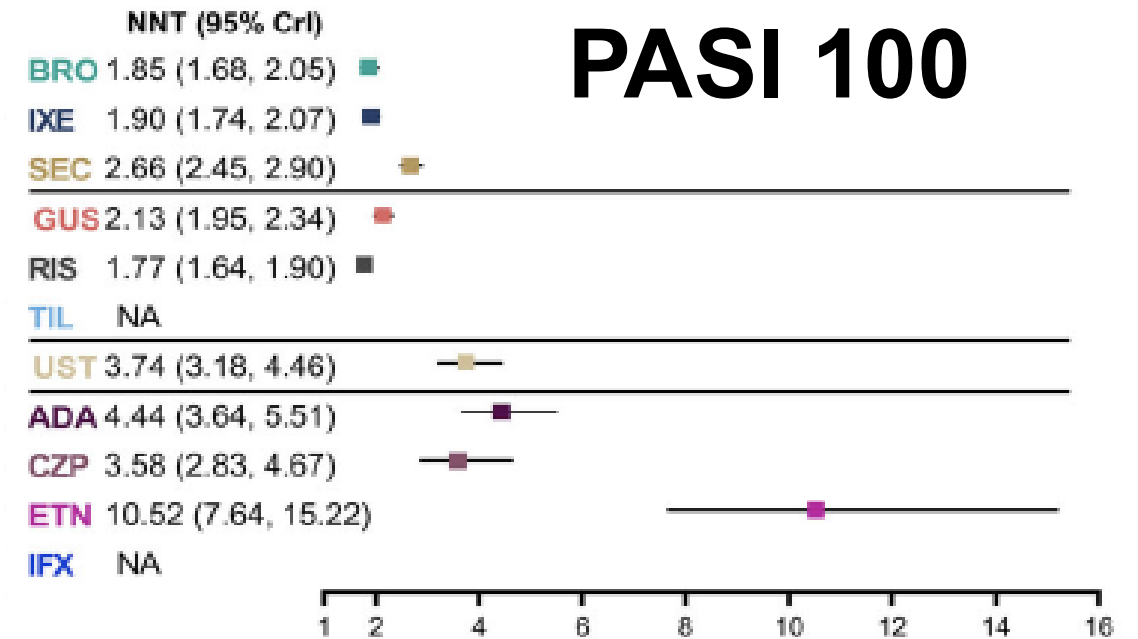
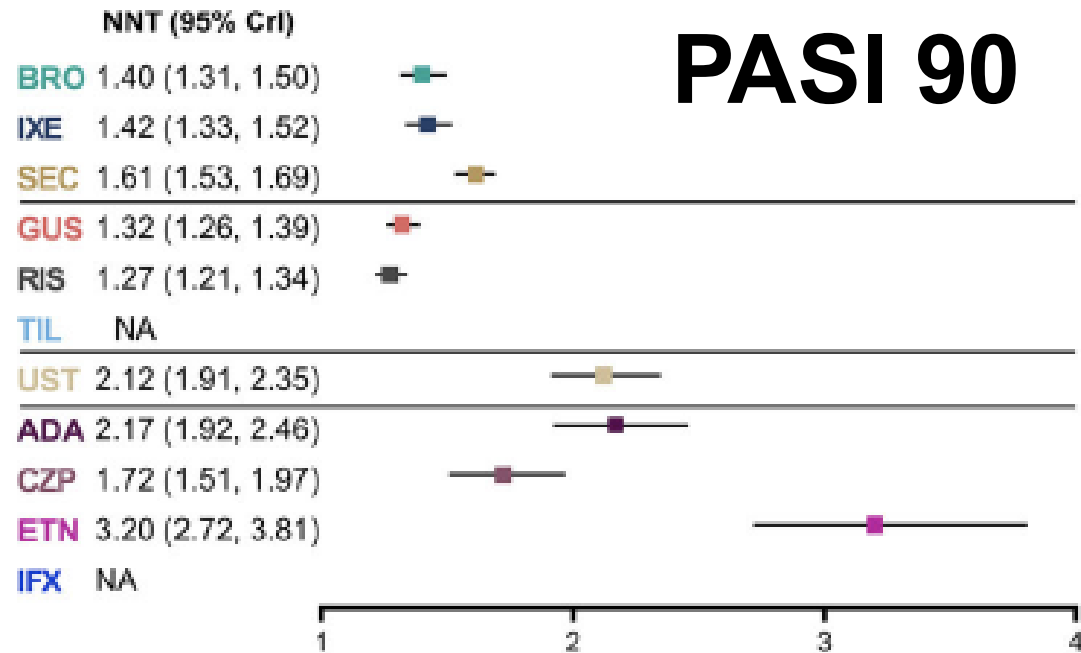
Table. Estimated Response Rates From the NMA of Short-term PASI (Base Case)

Treatment	Posterior Median, % (95% CrI)		
	PASI 75	PASI 90	PASI 100
Risankizumab-rzaa, 150 mg	89.2 (86.9-91.3)	71.6 (67.5-75.4)	40.4 (35.9-45.0)
Ixekizumab, 80 mg	88.8 (86.5-90.9)	70.8 (66.8-74.6)	39.5 (35.2-44.0)
Brodalumab, 210 mg	88.7 (86.5-90.8)	70.6 (66.8-74.6)	39.2 (35.2-43.9)
Guselkumab, 100 mg	86.8 (83.8-89.4)	67.3 (62.5-71.9)	35.7 (30.9-40.7)
Secukinumab, 300 mg	83.1 (80.2-85.7)	61.4 (57.2-65.6)	29.9 (26.3-33.9)
Infliximab, 5 mg/kg	80.4 (76.5-84.0)	57.4 (52.2-62.8)	26.5 (22.3-31.4)
Certolizumab pegol, 400 mg	71.1 (65.4-76.5)	45.6 (39.3-52.2)	17.7 (13.8-22.3)
Ustekinumab, 45 mg ≤100 kg, 90 mg >100 kg	69.7 (66.3-73.1)	43.9 (40.2-47.9)	16.7 (14.4-19.3)
Adalimumab, 40 mg	69.5 (66.0-72.6)	43.7 (40.0-47.4)	16.5 (14.2-19.0)
Certolizumab pegol, 200 mg	66.2 (59.6-72.4)	40.2 (33.5-47.2)	14.4 (10.7-18.8)
Tildrakizumab-asmn, 200 mg	64.9 (59.4-70.3)	38.8 (33.3-44.7)	13.6 (10.6-17.1)
Tildrakizumab-asmn, 100 mg	62.9 (57.3-68.4)	36.8 (31.4-42.5)	12.5 (9.7-15.8)
Etanercept, 25 mg twice weekly/50 mg once weekly	40.1 (35.4-45.1)	17.9 (14.9-21.4)	4.2 (3.1-5.4)
Apremilast, 30 mg	30.8 (26.8-35.0)	12.1 (9.9-14.7)	2.4 (1.8-3.1)
Dimethyl fumarate	29.6 (22.0-38.3)	11.4 (7.5-16.7)	2.2 (1.2-3.8)
Placebo	5.3 (4.8-5.9)	1.1 (1.0-1.3)	0.1 (0.1-0.1)

PASI = Psoriasis Area and Severity Index; NMA = network meta-analysis.
 Armstrong AW, et al. *JAMA Dermatol.* 2020;156(3):258-269.

Ranking Efficacy: Many Meta-Analyses Showing Similar Results

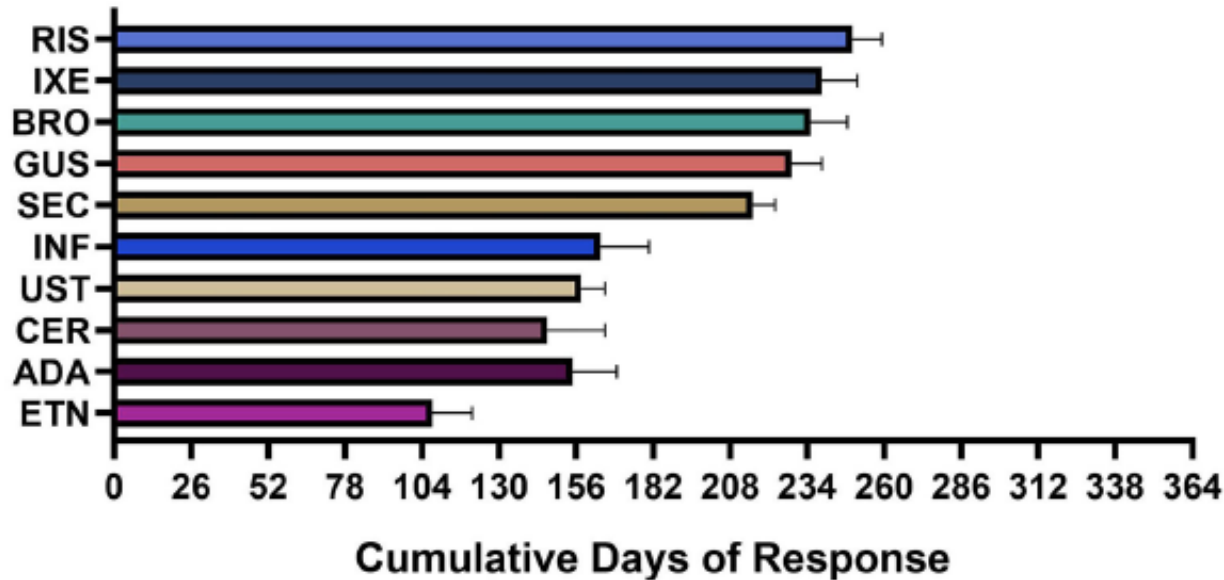
Number Needed to Treat Network Meta-Analysis to Compare Biologic Drugs for Moderate-to-Severe Psoriasis



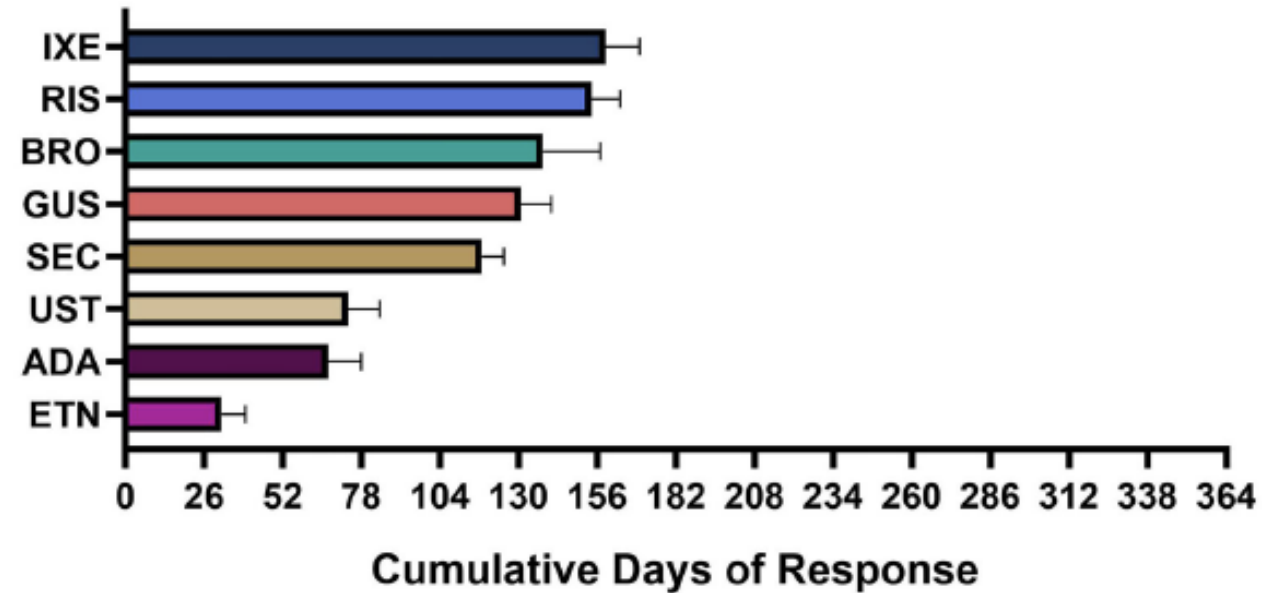
Ranking Efficacy: Many Meta-Analyses Showing Similar Results

Cumulative Clinical Benefits of Biologics
in the Treatment of Patients with Moderate-to-Severe
Psoriasis over 1 Year: a Network Meta-Analysis

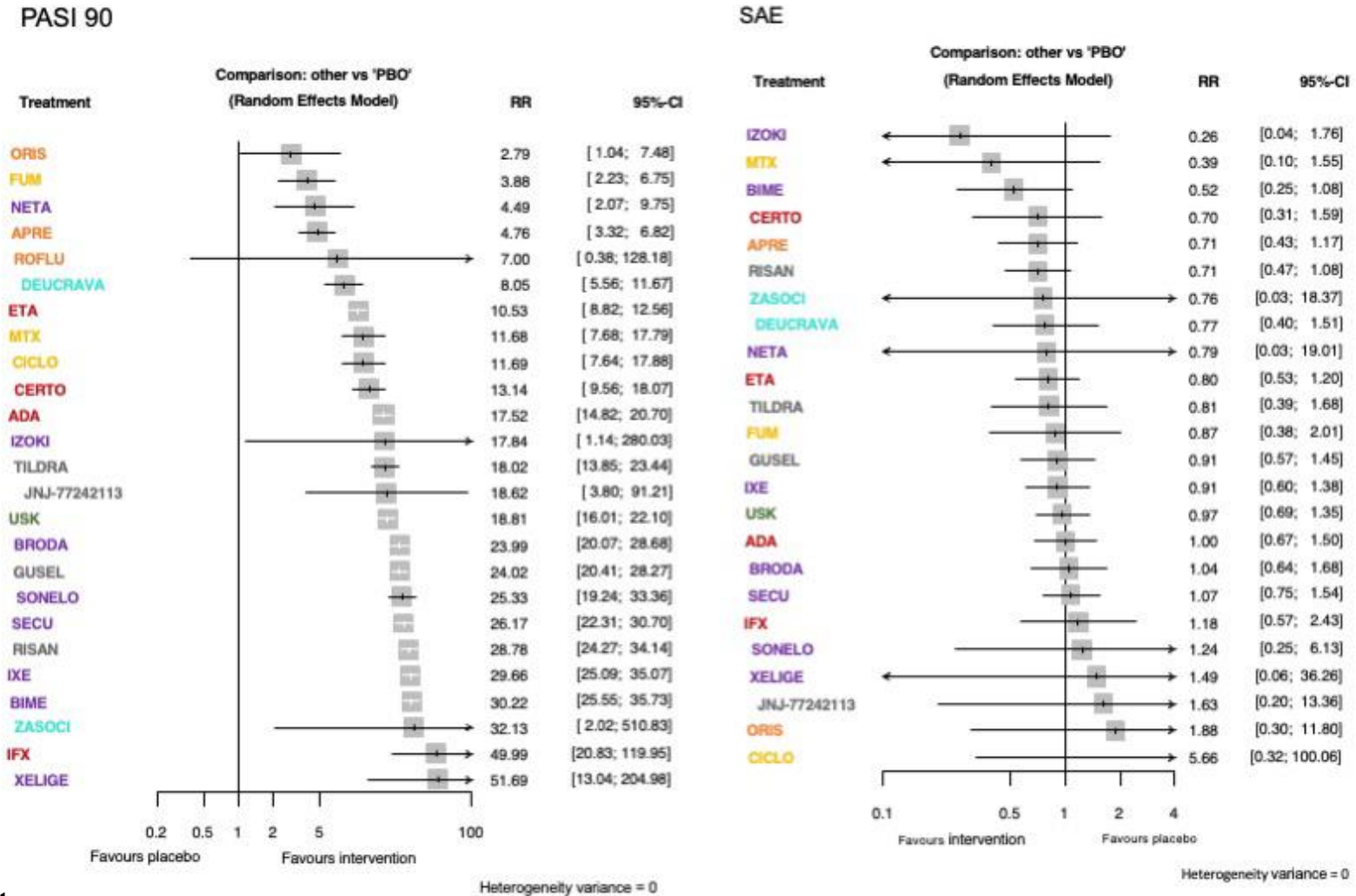
PASI 90



PASI 100



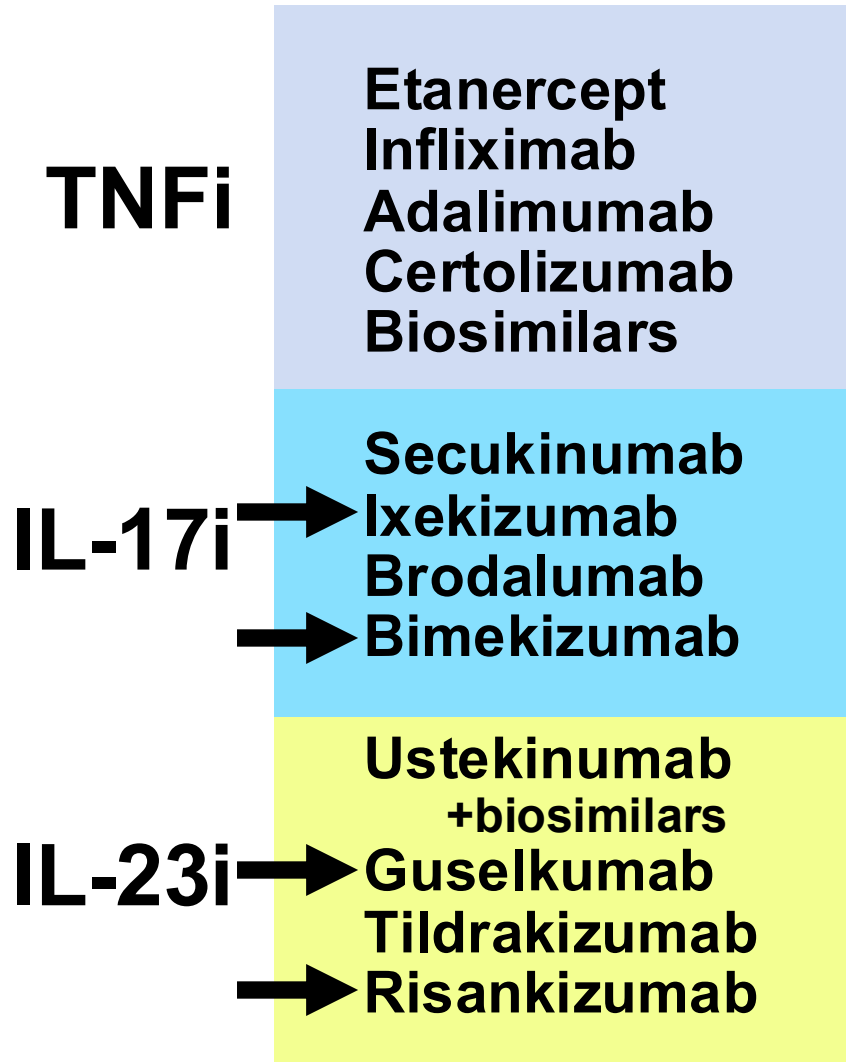
Ranking Efficacy: Many Meta-Analyses Showing Similar Results



SAE = serious adverse event.

Sbidian E, et al. *Cochrane Database Syst Rev.* 2025;8(8):CD011535

Current and Future Biologic and Oral Drug Choices for PsO

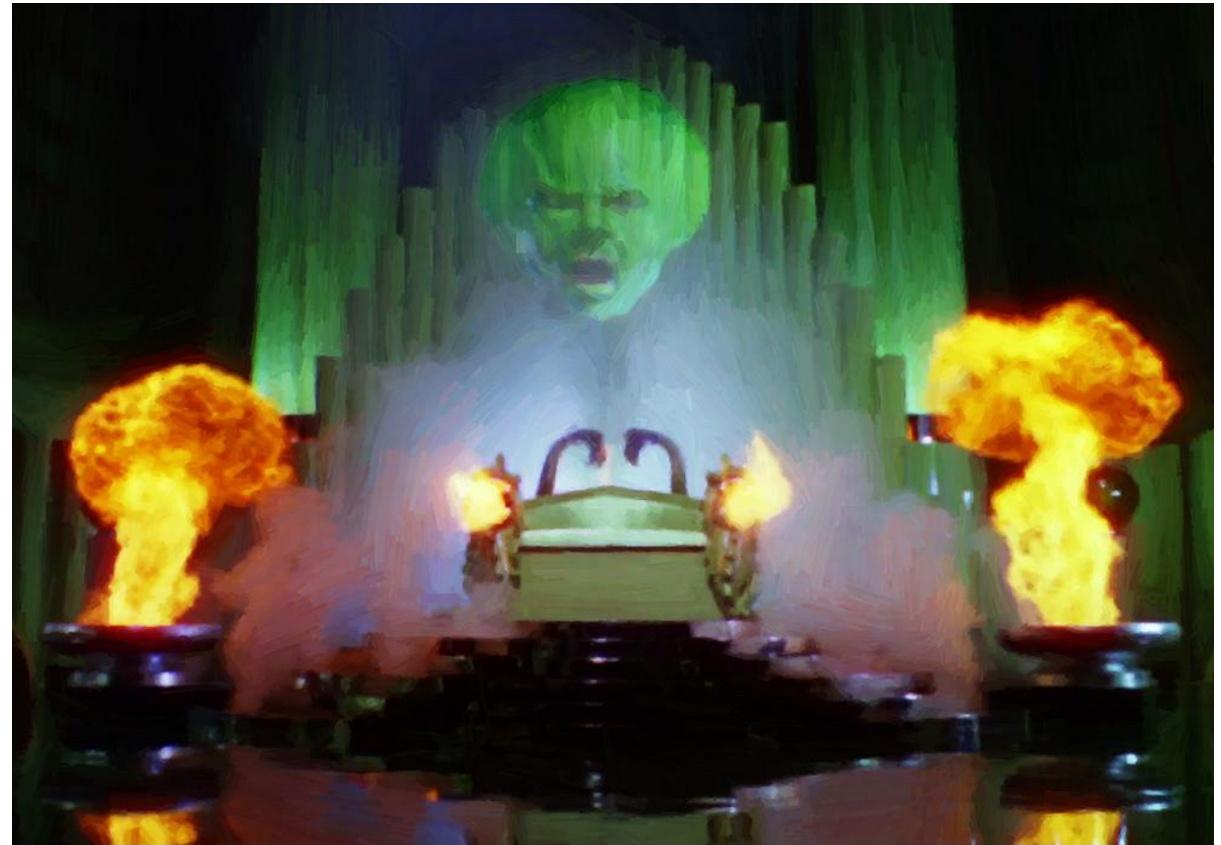


→ **BEST
IN CLASS**

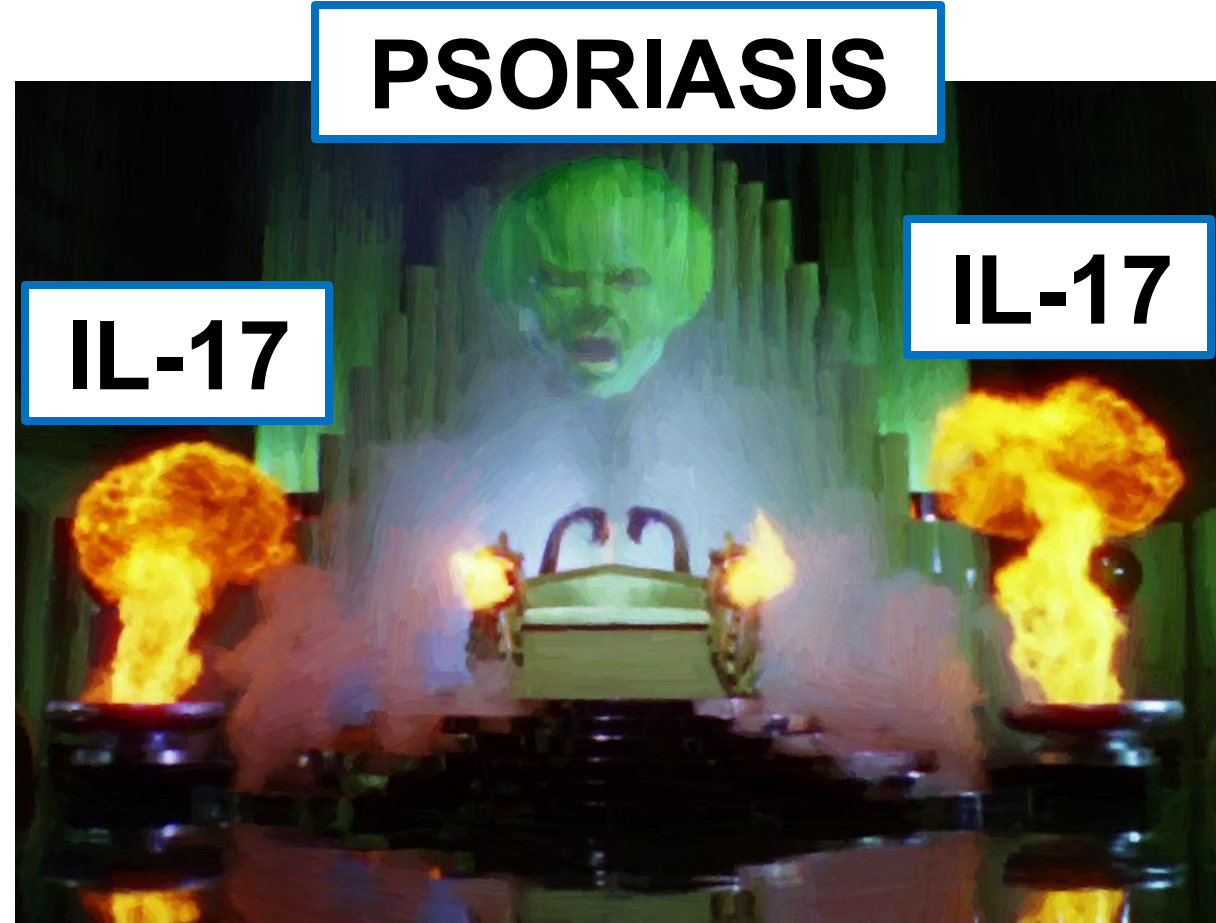
- Methotrexate
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 - Other PDE4 B/D inhibitors
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 - Icotrokinra
 - Simepdekinra

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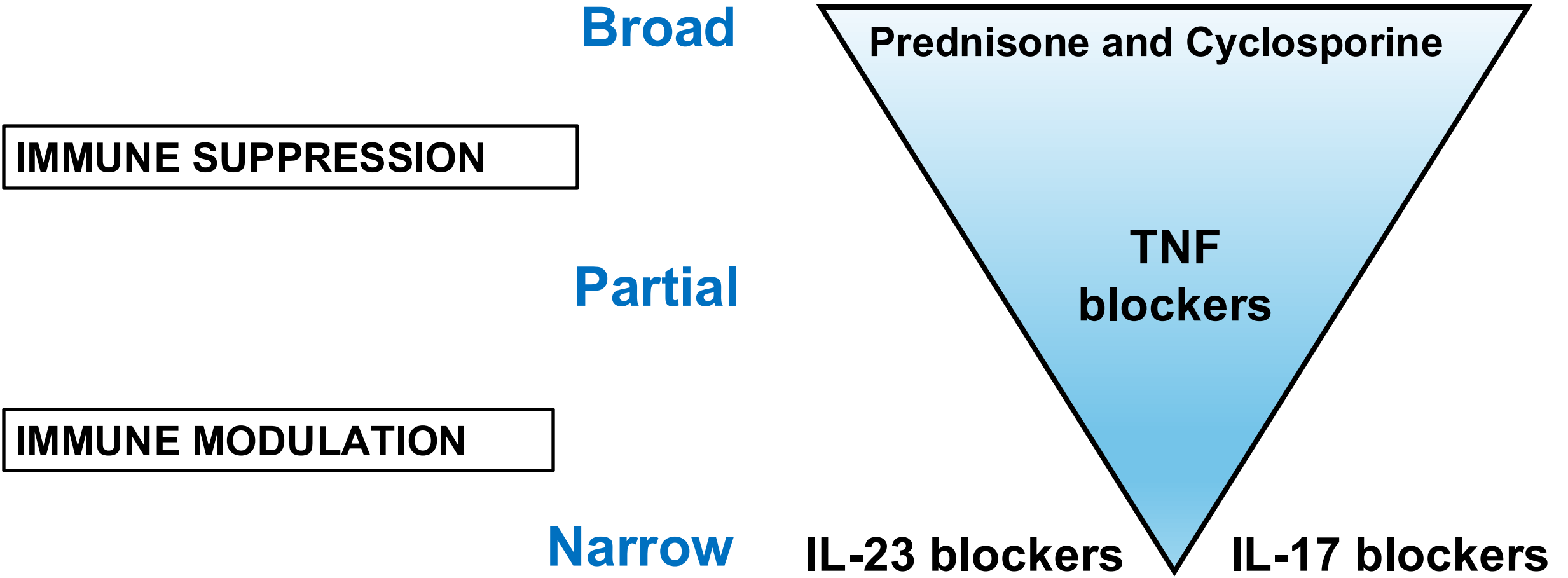
IL-23 Is the Master Cytokine *Regulator* in Psoriasis



IL-17 Is the Key *Effector* Cytokine in Psoriasis



“Which Are the Safest Biologics for Psoriasis?”



TNFi and Other Drugs that Affect Th1 Immunity Can Impact Control of Latent Tuberculosis

- TNF is involved in granuloma formation; **TNFi** can impair granuloma formulation
- Other psoriasis drugs, like **ustekinumab** (blocks IL-12 in addition to IL-23) and **JAK inhibitors** (block a number of Th1 cytokines), can also impair granuloma formation

IL-17i and IL-23i Do Not Affect Th1 Immunity and Are Not Involved in Control of Latent Tuberculosis

- In the presence of intact Th1 immunity, IL-17 and IL-23 are not involved in granuloma formation
- **IL-17i** and **IL-23i** do not impair granuloma formulation

Joint position statement from the National Psoriasis Foundation Medical Board and the International Psoriasis Council on routine testing for latent tuberculosis infection prior to and during treatment of psoriasis patients with interleukin 17 or interleukin 23 inhibitors

Andrew Blauvelt ¹, Bruce E Strober ², Guy S Eakin ³, Leah McCormick Howard ³,
Christy Langan ⁴, Peter C M van de Kerkhof ⁵, Lluís Puig ⁶, Mark G Lebwohl ⁷, Ricardo Romiti ⁸,
April W Armstrong ⁹, Siew Eng Choon ¹⁰, Ravi Ramessur ¹¹, Joel M Gelfand ¹¹,
Joseph F Merola ¹², Kevin L Winthrop ¹³, Tiago Torres ¹⁴

Methods: Joint Position Statement from the NPF and the IPC

- Combined forces of two major groups, consisting of **world experts in psoriasis and infectious disease**
- Reviewed existing **basic science data, clinical trial data**, and real-world evidence on roles of IL-17i and IL-23i in latent TB infection
- Reviewed **FAERS data base** for post-marketing reports of extra-pulmonary TB
- Formulated a new **Joint Position Statement**
- Presented statement to all members (approx. 200) of the NPF medical board and councilors of the IPC for a **vote**

The Following Statement Was Formally Adopted by
Both the NPF and the IPC

Routine testing for latent tuberculosis infection is not required prior to or during treatment of psoriasis patients with IL-17 or IL-23 inhibitors.

Summary: Joint Position Statement

- **Exceptions** can always be made if clinicians wish to know the TB status of their patients
- Routine latent TB testing should continue for patients on **concomitant medications** that affect TB immunity, eg. corticosteroids, JAKi
- This new guideline should
 - **Decrease costs** for unnecessary medical testing
 - **Allay patient fears** over drug side effects
 - Avoid complications from **false positive tests**
 - **Simplify** and quicken initiation of therapy with IL-17i and IL-23i
 - Avoid **regulatory burden**

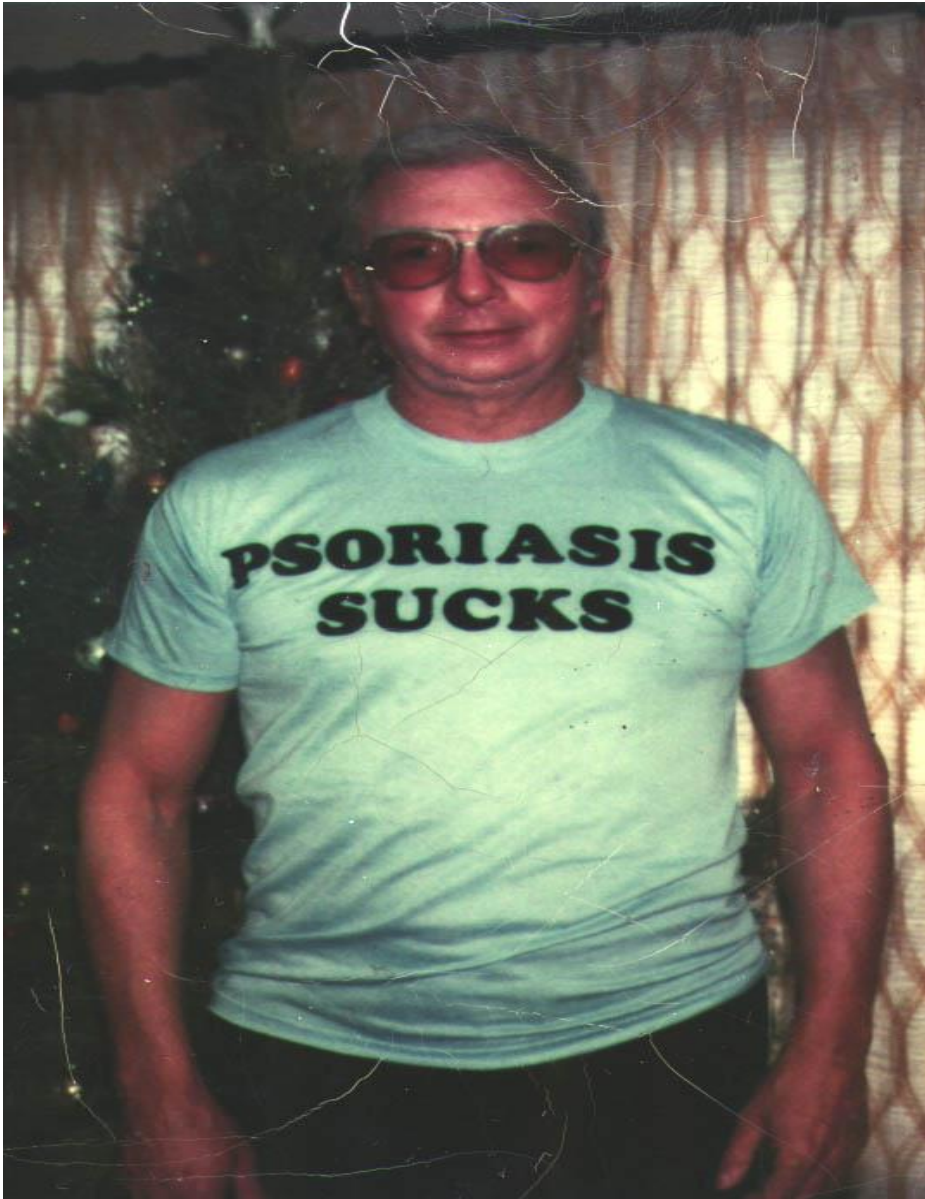
IL-23 Blockers Are the Safest Class of Systemic Drugs for Psoriasis

- **No evidence/no signals** for
 - Serious infections
 - TB reactivation
 - Hepatitis B reactivation
 - Cancer
 - Congestive heart failure (CHF)
 - Multiple sclerosis
 - Major adverse cardiovascular events (MACE)
 - **Candidiasis (reported with all IL-17 blockers)**
 - **Inflammatory bowel disease (reported with all IL-17 blockers)**
 - **Suicide (reported with IL-17RA blockers)**
 - Laboratory or EKG abnormalities
- Long-term studies have revealed no new concerns

Best biologic class to use in patients with potential safety issues, eg. patients with cancer or who are HIV+

Convenience: Maintenance Dosing for Biologics

BIOLOGIC	MOA	MAINTENANCE DOSING
etanercept	TNFi	every week
infliximab	TNFi	every 8 weeks
adalimumab	TNFi	every 2 weeks
certolizumab	TNFi	every 2 weeks
secukinumab	IL-17Ai	every 4 weeks
ixekizumab	IL-17i	every 4 weeks
brodalumab	IL-17RAi	every 2 weeks
bimekizumab	IL-17A/Fi	every 8 weeks
ustekinumab	IL-12/23i	every 12 weeks
guselkumab	iL-23i	every 8 weeks
tildrakizumab	IL-23i	every 12 weeks
risankizumab	iL-23i	every 12 weeks

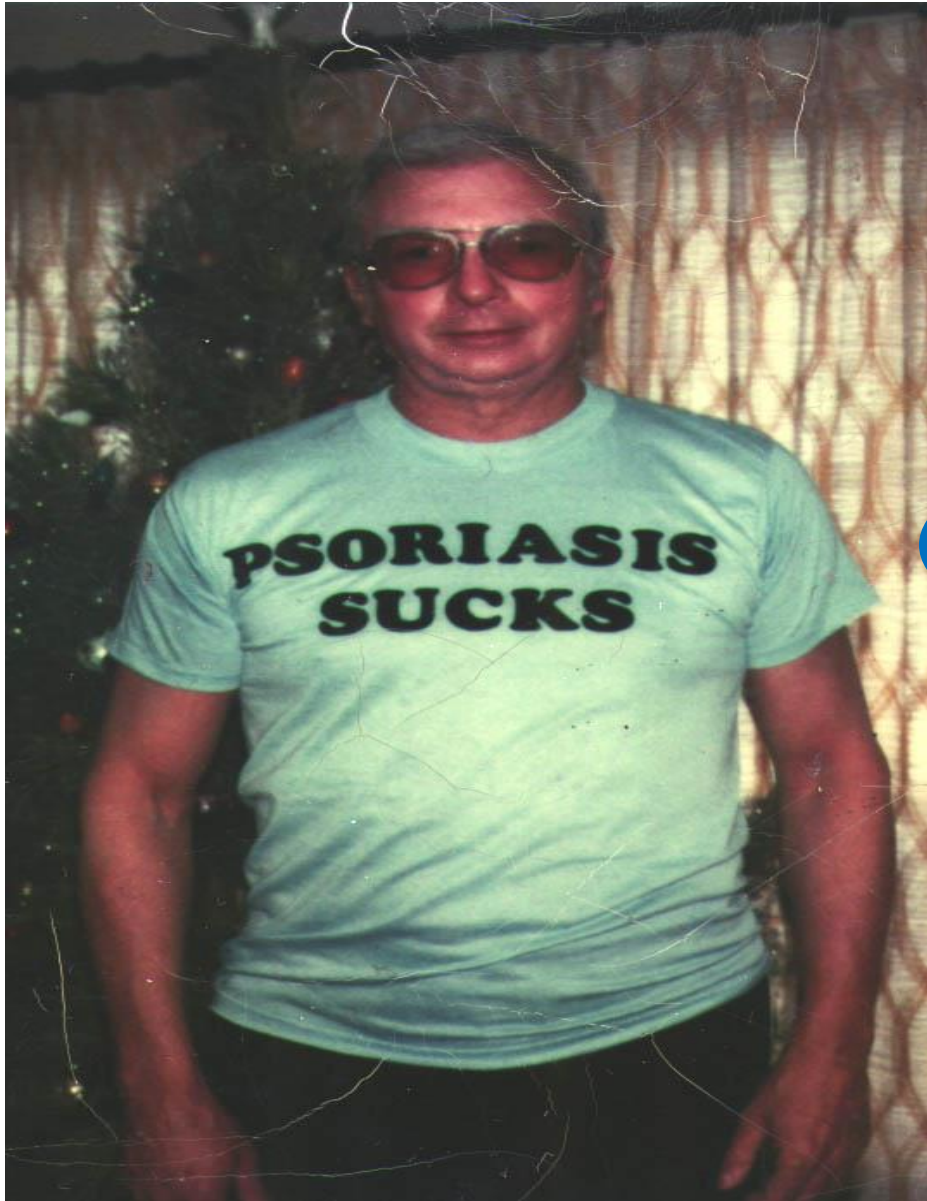


IL-23i Deliver in All 3 Areas

- Efficacy ✓
- Safety ✓
- Convenience ✓

Overview

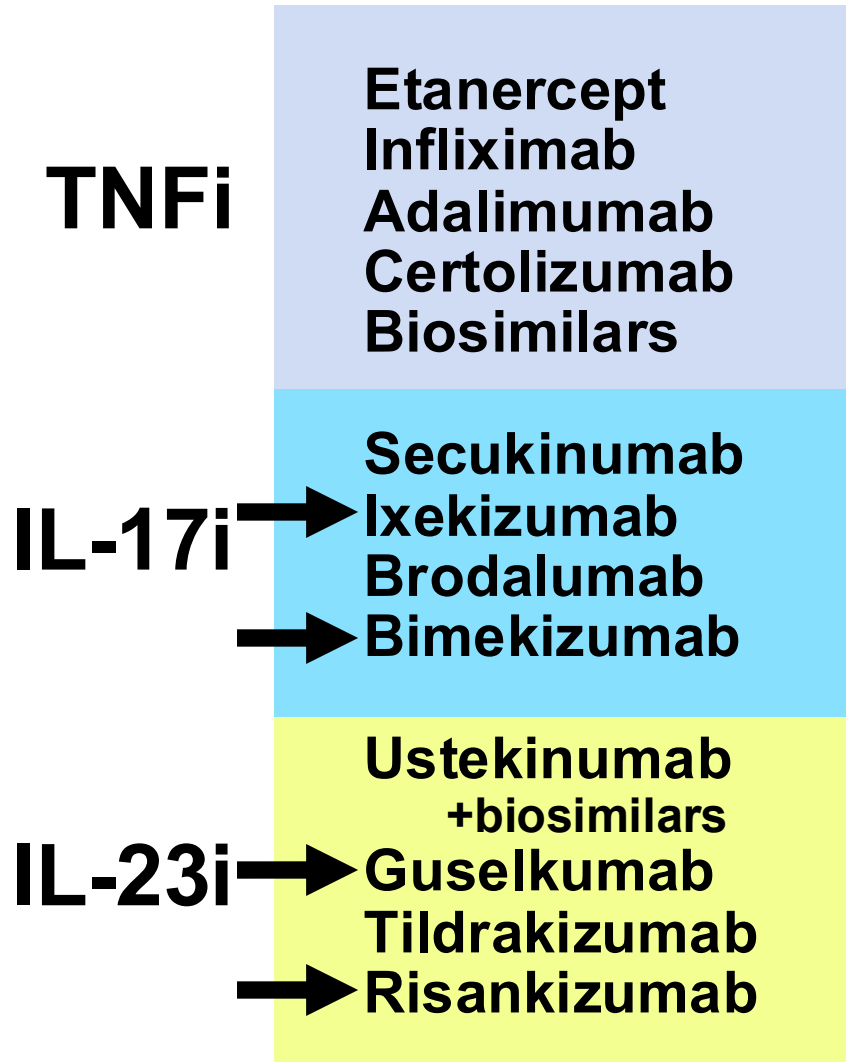
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→ **BEST
IN CLASS**

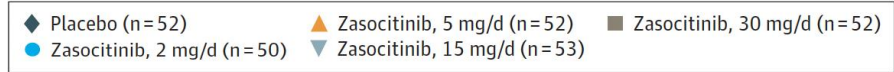
- Methotrexate
- Cyclosporine
- Acitretin
- Apremilast
 - Roflumilast
 - Other PDE4 B/D inhibitors

→ Deucravacitinib

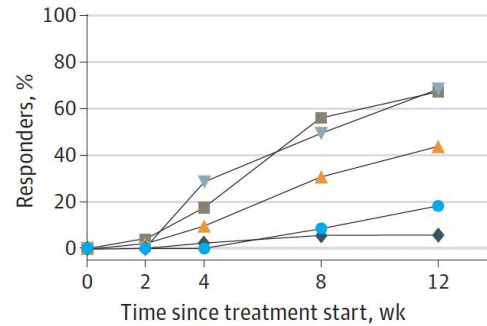
- Zasocitinib
- Envudeucitinib
- Cytokine inhibitors
 - Icotrokinra
 - Simepdekinra

BLUE HIGHLIGHTS = PIPELINE

Zasocitinib: Phase 2, Short-Term Efficacy

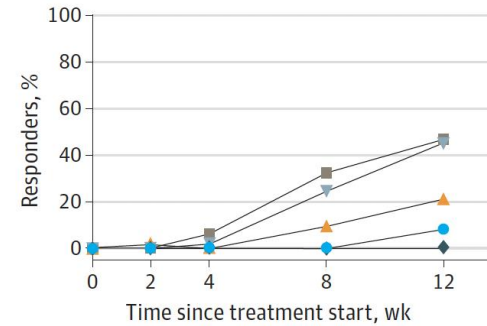


A PASI 75



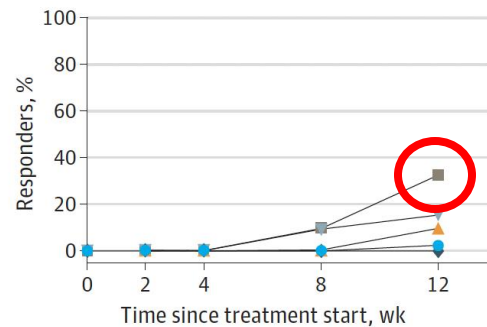
Response rate, No. (%)	0	2	4	8	12
Placebo	0	1 (2)	3 (6)	3 (6)	3 (6)
Zasocitinib					
2 mg	0	0	4 (8)	9 (18)	9 (18)
5 mg	1 (2)	5 (10)	16 (31)	23 (44)	23 (44)
15 mg	0	15 (28)	26 (49)	36 (68)	36 (68)
30 mg	2 (4)	9 (17)	29 (56)	35 (67)	35 (67)

B PASI 90

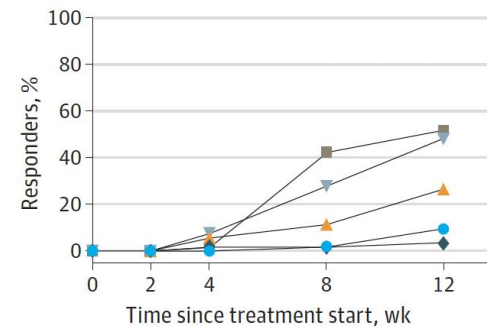


Response rate, No. (%)	0	2	4	8	12
Placebo	0	0	0	0	0
Zasocitinib					
2 mg	0	0	0	4 (8)	4 (8)
5 mg	1 (2)	0	5 (10)	11 (21)	11 (21)
15 mg	0	1 (2)	13 (25)	24 (45)	24 (45)
30 mg	0	3 (6)	17 (33)	24 (46)	24 (46)

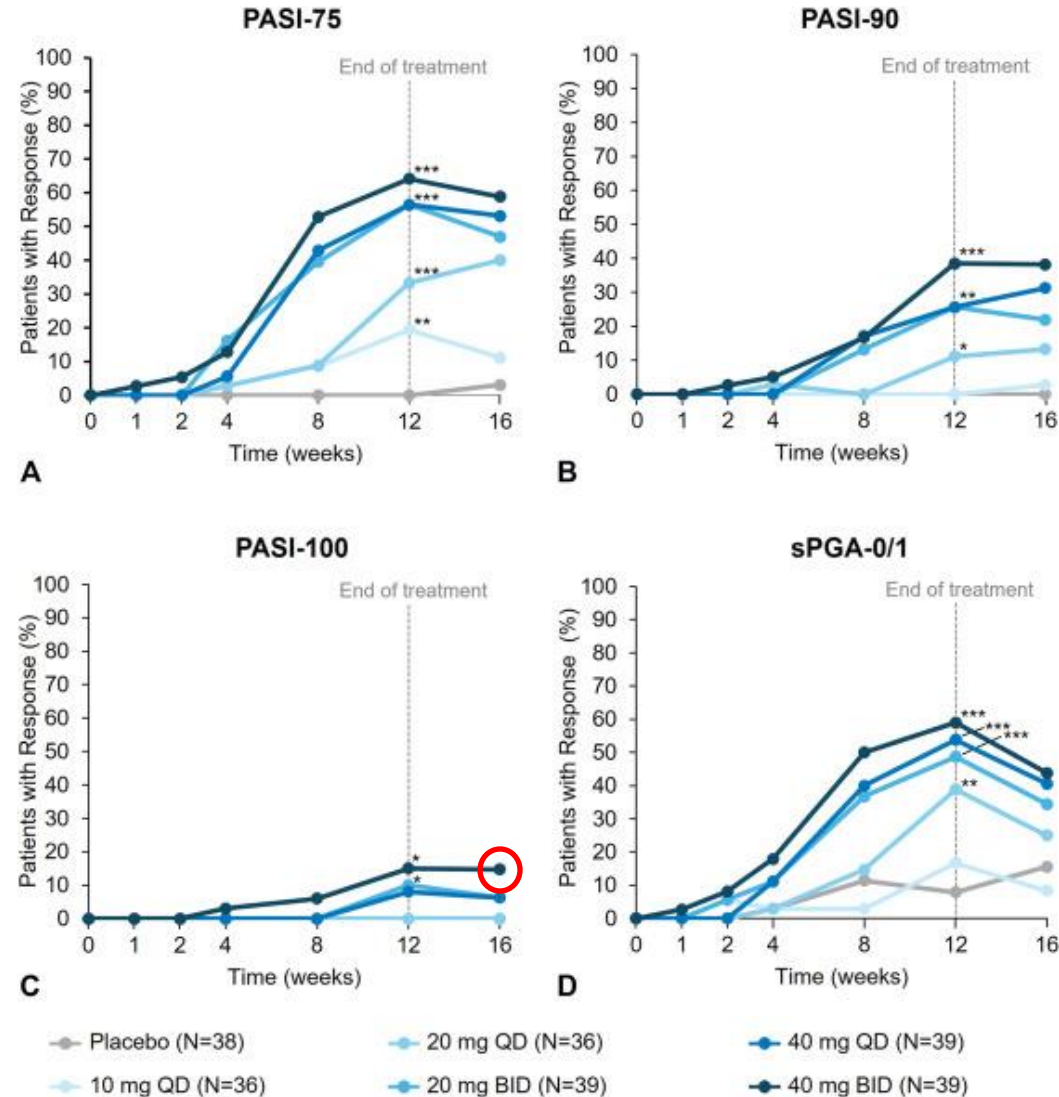
C PASI 100



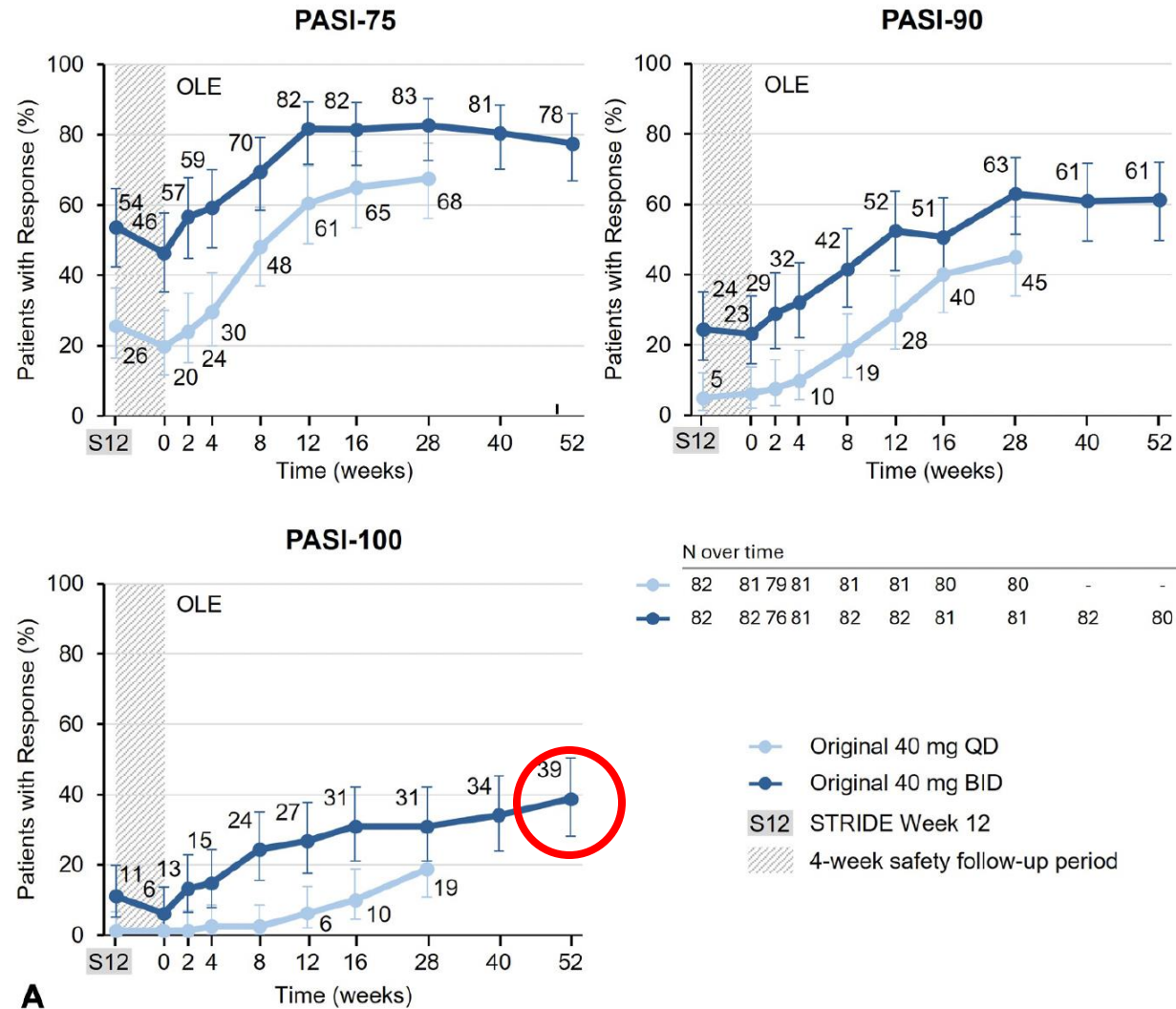
D PGA score of 0 or 1



Envudeucitinib: Phase 2, Short-Term Efficacy



Envudeucitinib: Phase 2, Long-Term Efficacy



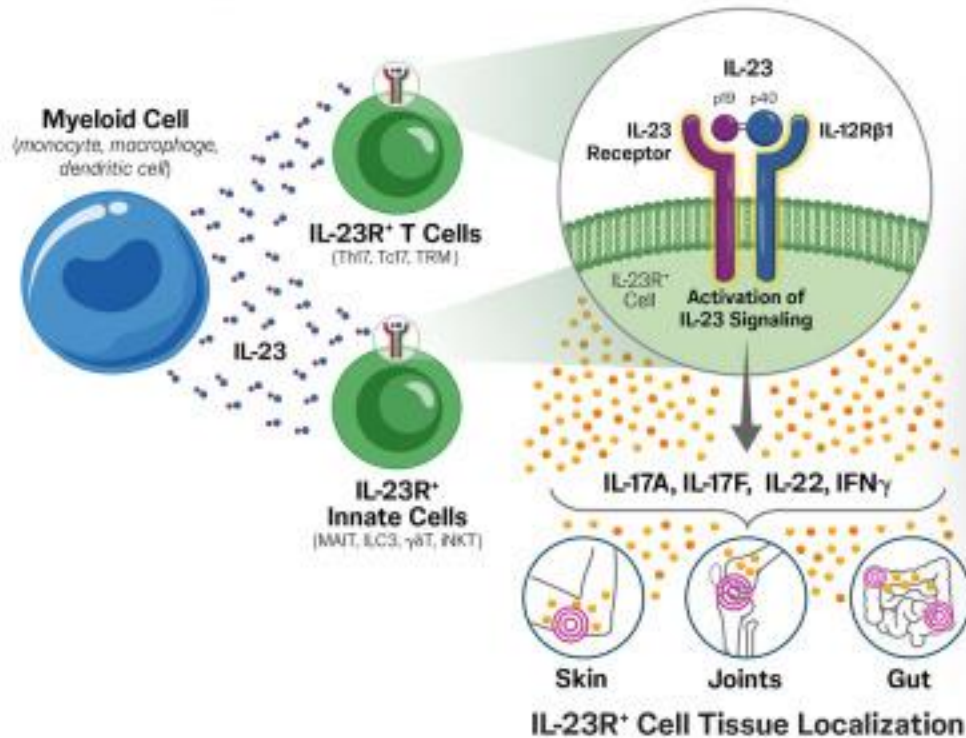
Zasocitinib and Envudeucitinib Highlights

- Novel oral TYK2 inhibitors
- **Phase 2 efficacy better than deucravacitinib**
- Also being studied in **PsA** and **lupus**
- **Approvals in 2027?**

Icotrokinra Blocks IL-23 from Binding to Its Receptor

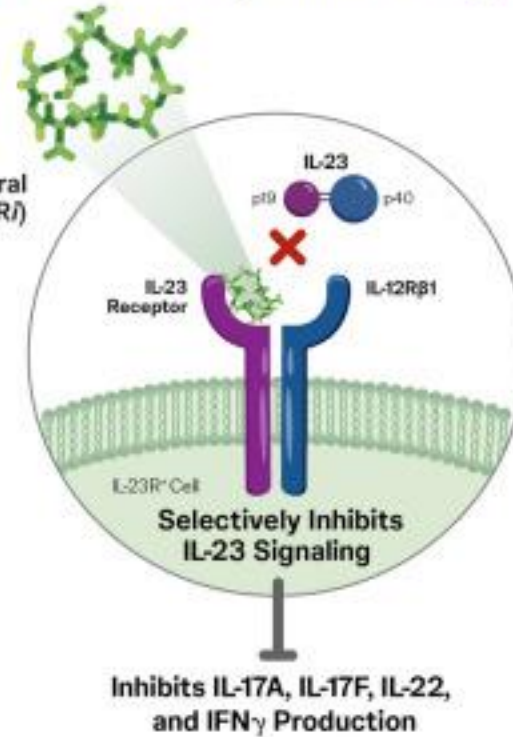
Pathogenesis of IL-23-Mediated Inflammatory Diseases

• Microbiome • Genetics/Epigenetics • Environment

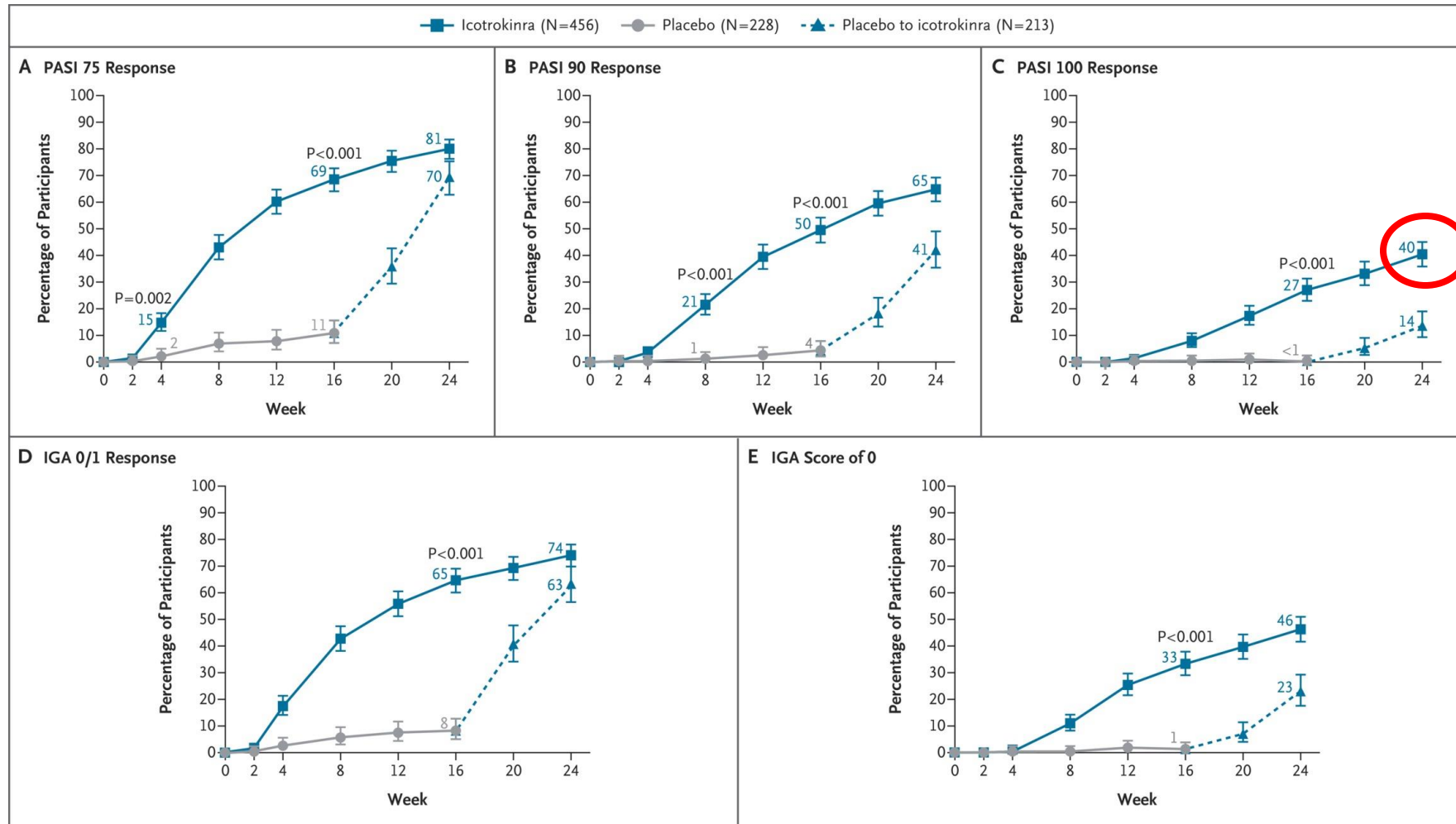


Icotrokinra Blocks IL-23 From Binding to its Receptor

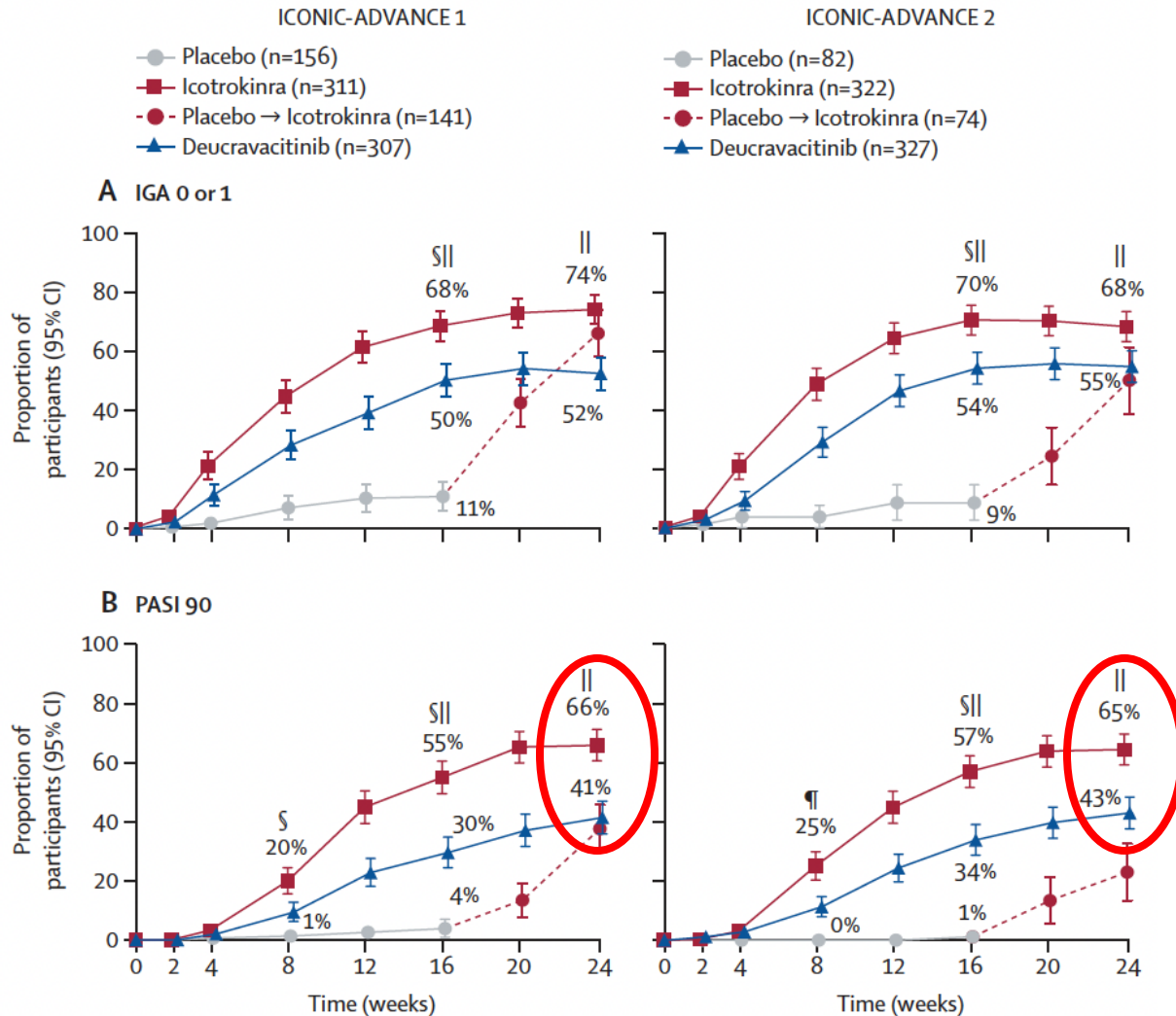
Targeted Oral Peptide (IL-23R)



Icotrokinra: Phase 3, Short-Term Efficacy

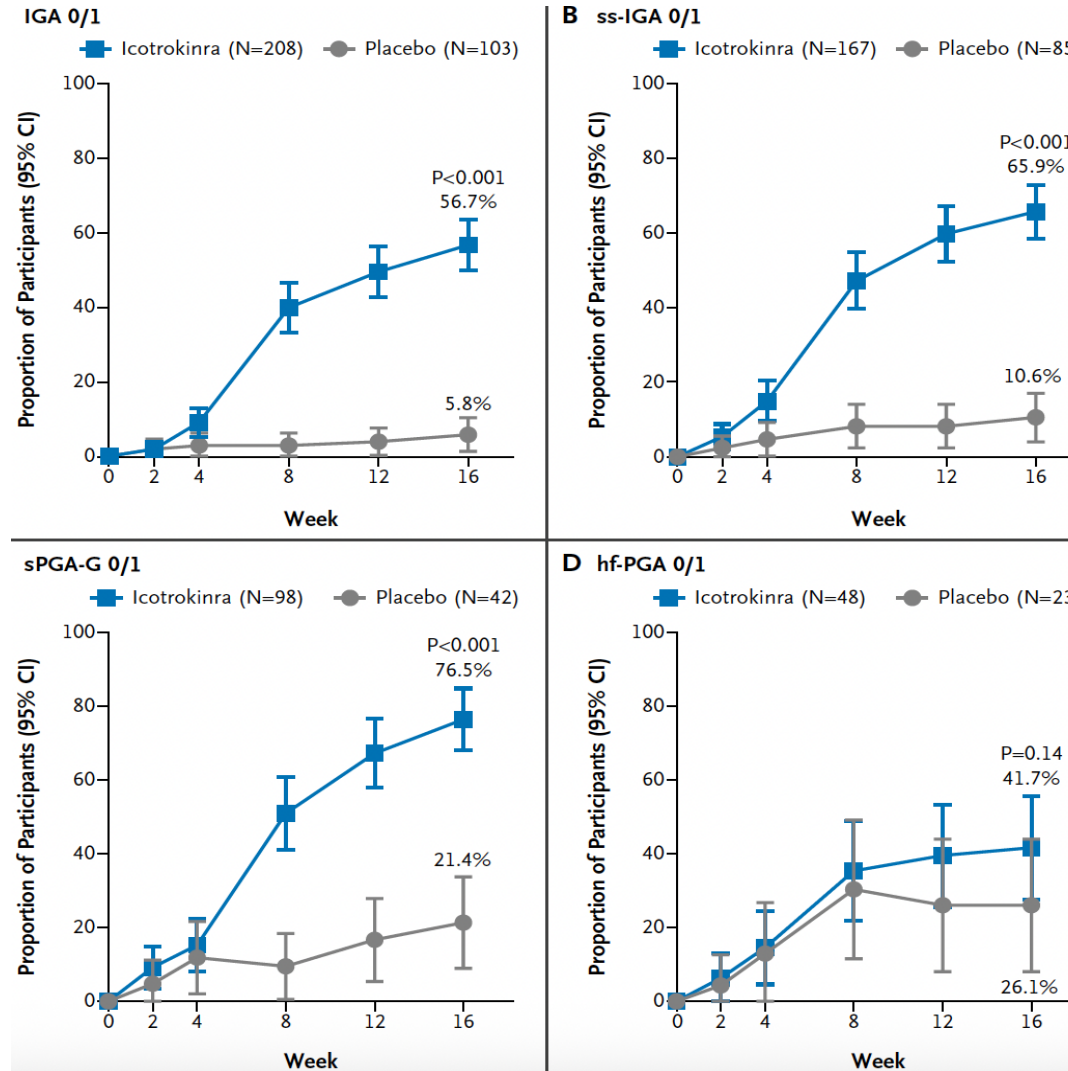


Icotrekinra: Phase 3, Short-Term Efficacy vs Deucravacitinib



Icotrekinra was statistically superior to deucravacitinib for both IGA 0/1 and PASI 90 in both studies

Icetrokinra: Efficacy in High-Impact Sites



Icotrokinra: Summary

- Novel oral drug
- **Targeted peptide** that binds and **blocks the IL-23 receptor**
- **Once daily** dosing on empty stomach
- **Best efficacy for oral agent** to date
- Efficacy established in **high-impact sites**
- No major safety issues
- **Approval in late 2026?**



Key Learning Points

- Psoriasis has a huge impact on **overall quality of life**
 - About 25% of patients with psoriasis have cases that are moderate to severe
- Don't undertreat it; **treat to clearance** or near clearance
- **Benefits of treating** psoriasis go beyond the skin
- Current **biologic choices are excellent**, especially IL-23 inhibitors
- **Emerging oral IL-23 inhibitors** provide excellent efficacy, safety, and convenience for patients



**My mentors:
Chuck Ellis, Bill Eaglstein,
Steve Katz, Maria Turner,
Fran Storrs, Bob Matheson**



masterclasses in dermatology
annual meeting

PRESENTED BY THE **dermatologist**

Thank you!

blauveltconsults@gmail.com